knowledge and suretie of the keeping of him. And that if any person or persons doe take, or helpe to take any such bond of iron from any such slaue, that then euerie person so doing, without licence or assent of his master, shall forfeit for euery such de-

fault ten pounds sterling.

XXI. Bee it further enacted, That this present act shall before the first day of March next comming, bee openly proclaimed in euerie Citie, corporate Town, and market Towne, vpon the market daie: and also from thenceforth shall yerely be read in euerie Shire openly, in two generall quarter Sessions of Peace, that is to say, at the generall quarter Sessions next after Mid-summer, and the generall quarter Sessions next after Christmasse, to the intent that euerie person may have knowledge thereof, and that this act shall indure vnto the end of the next Parliament.

XXII. Provided alwaies and bee it enacted, That it shall bee lawfull to the Lord Chaunceller of England, or to the Lord Keeper of the great Seale for the time being, at their discretions to grant commission under the great Seale of England, to everie or any person or persons, that hath or shall have his or their houses or barnes burnt, of such losses, to gather the reliefe and charitie of others for their ayde and helpe of his or their losses, decay, or hinderance, as in time hath past beene used: any thing conteined in this act notwithstanding.

Anno tertio & quarto EDWARDI sexti.

CTS made in the Session of Parliament holden vpon Prorogation at Westminster, on the fourth day of November, in the third yeere of the reigne of our late Soueraigne Lord EDWARD the sixt late King of England, and there continued and kept vntil the first day of February in the fourth yeere of the reigne of the said King, as followeth.

CAP. XVI.

An Act touching the punishment of Vagabonds and other idle Persons.

* PORASMUCH as it is notoriously seene and knowen, that Vagabonds and Beggers doe daily increase within this the Kings highnesse Realme into very great numbers, chiefely by occasion of idlenes, mother and root of all vices, whereby doe insue continual thests, murders, conspiracies, and other sundry heinous offences, and partly for that the good and wholesome lawes and Statutes of this Realme, hath not beene put in due execution, and partly also, by reason of the multitude of the same (the extreamitie of some whereof haue beene occasion that they have not beene put in vre) therefore, and Bb 2

Repeale.

for divers good confiderations it is enacted by the King our Souereigne Lord, with the affent of the Lords Spirituall and Temporall, and the commons in this present Parliament affembled, and by the authoritie of the same: That the Statute made in the first yeere of the Kings highnes most noble reigne concerning idle persons and Vacabonds in certaine cases, to be made slaues and so forth, and all and every article, matter, proviso, branch, and sentence therein contained, shall be from hencesoorth etterly repealed, made frustrate, voide, and of none effect.

Confirmation.

II. And that the Statute concerning how aged impotent perfons should be ordered for their better reliefe, and how Vacabonds and strong Beggers should be punished, made in the xxii. yeere of the late King of most famous memorie King Henrie the eight, and every matter, article, proviso, branch, and sentence therein contained, to be from hencesoorth revived, made good, and stand in full strength and vertue, and shall con-

tinue and remaine a perfect act of Parliament for euer.

III. And be it therefore enacted by the authoritie aforefayd, That all Justices of peace, and every of them within the limits of their commission, and the Maiors, Shiriffes, Bailiffes, and other officers within their seueral rules and offices, shall within their seueral limits assemble together and make their seueral diuision, according to the purport and effect of this act, at the next generall quarter sessions of the peace to be holden after the feast of Easter next to come, for the due, speedy and diligent And that if any fuch aged or imexecution of the same act. potent person after the feast of Easter next to come, shall offend contrary to this Statute, that then the fayd offendor shall be vsed and punished, as in the same Statute of the two and twentieth yeere of King Henrie the eight is provided. And that before the feast of Easter no punishment shall be put in execution against any such impotent, lame, and aged person, but only by the discretion of the next Justice of peace of the same Shire where such an offendor thall be apprehended, any thing in the sayd A& to the contrarie notwithstanding.

IV. And for the auoiding of the idle loitering of common labourers of husbandry within this Realme: be it enacted by the authoritie aforefayd, That fuch common labourers, being persons able in body, vsing loitering, and refusing to worke for fuch reasonable wages as is most commonly given in the partes where such persons shall dwell, shall bee for every such time as he or they refuse to labour, having reasonable wages, as is asorefayd, adjudged Vacabonds, and shall be punished as strong and mighty Vacabonds, in such maner and forme as is declared in the fayd act of two and twentith against vacabonds. And touching maimed, lamed and sore, aged and impotent persons, which reforte to the Citie of London, and to other Cities, Townes and villages on begging: Bee it enacted by the authoritie aforefayd, That all and fingular Majors, Shiriffes, Bailiffes, Constables, or other head officers of any Citie, Towne or village, to which

fuch refort is, or shall be, shall before the feast of the Purification of our Lady next following, see all such idle, impotent, mained, and aged persons who otherwise cannot by their discretions be taken for vacabonds, which were borne within the fayd Citie, Towne or village, or have beene there most converfand abiding by the space of three yeeres, and now decaied, beshowed and provided for, of the Tenantries, Cottages, or other convenient houses to be lodged in, at the costs and charges of the fayd Cities, Townes, Boroughs, and villages, there to be relieued, and cured by the deuotion of good people of the fayd Citie, Borough, Towne or village, and that they doe not suffer after the time before rehearfed, any other then such as either were borne, or hath been for the most part conversant, or abiding by the space of three yeeres, as is aforesayd in the sayd Borough, Towne, or Village, to remaine and beg abroad within the precincts of such Cities, Townes, Villages, or Boroughs, Except it be such as have letters, or are authorised or licensed by force of this Act: Upon paine that every such Majors, Shiriffes, and Bailiffes, Constable, or other head officer, by what name soeuer he be called, suffering any person to beg within the precinct of his or their such iurisdiction, other then is before rehearsed, for every three daies shall forfeit ten shillings, to whom soever will fue therefore, by bill, information, or Action of debt, in any Court of record, in the which futes, no Essoine, ne wager of law, or protection shall be allowed for the defendant.

V. And be it further enacted by the authoritie aforefayd, That the Major of the Citie of London, and all other Majors, Bailiffes, Shiriffes, Constables, and other head officers of every Citie. Borough, or Towne corporate, and of euery other Towne and Village, doe with all convenient speede by themselves or their sufficient deputies, before the feast of the Purification of our Lady next comming, and so from time to time every moneth once, make a view and examination of aged, impotent, and lame persons, beggers, as be within the precinct of their jurisdictions, and see all such as were not borne nor haue beene for the most part conversant and abiding by the space of three yeeres complete, or haue not letters, and authorifed or licensed by the force of this Statute, conveied on horseback, Cart, or otherwife, as shall seem by their discretions, to the next Constables, and they to conueie the same to the next Constables, and so from Constable to Constable, till the sayd persons be brought to the place where they were borne, or most conversant and abiding, as is aforefayd, there to be prouided for, kept and nourished of Almes, as is aforefayd, 'vpon the paine that enery such Maior, Shiriffe or Constable, headborough, or other head officers, not making view, nor fending or conveying away, nor receiving or not prouiding, as is before appointed, according to the true purport or meaning of this Act, to forfeit for every such default ten shillings, whereof the one halfe shalt be to the Kings vse, the other to the party that will sue therefore in any of the Kings Courts of record, by bill, information, Action of debt, in the Bb 3 which

which futes, no Essoine, wager of law, or Protection shall be allowed for the defendant.

VI. Provided alwaies, and be it enacted by the authoritie aforesayd, That if any of the sayd aged, maimed, or impotent persons, of the Cities, Townes, or villages where they were borne in, or had their most abiding, as is asoresayd, be not so lame or impotent, but that they may worke in some maner of worke: that then such Citie, Towne, Parish or Village, doe either in common prouide some such worke for them, as they may be occupied in, or appoint them to such as will find them worke for meate and drinke. And if they refuse of wilfulnesse and stubbornesse to worke, or do runne away and beg in other places, then to punish the same according to their discretions, with stocking, beating, or otherwise as shall seeme convenient.

VII. Be it also enacted by the authority aforesayd, That all leprouse and poore bedred creatures, whatsoever they be, may at their owne liberty remaine and continue in such houses as are appointed for leprouse or bedred people, as they now be in, and shall not be compelled to repaire into any other Countries or places by vertue of this Act, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding. And that also it shall be lawful unto the sayd leprouse and bedred people, for their better relief to appoint their proctor or proctors, so there be not appointed above the number of two persons, for any one house of leprose or bedred people, to gather the charitable almes of all such inhabitants, as shall be within the compasse of source miles of any of the sayd houses of leprouse and bedred people.

VIII. Prouided alwaies, and be it enacted by the authoritie aforefayd, That it shall be lawfull to the Lord Chancellop of England, or Lord Keeper of the great seale for the time being, at their discretions to grant commission under the great seale of England, to every or any person or persons, that hath, or shall have his or their houses or barnes burnt, or such losses, or to such as be or shall be leprouse persons, to gather the relief and charitie of others for their relief, or for their aid, and helpe of his or their losses, decay, or hinderance, as in time past hath been

vsed, any thing in this Act notwithstanding.

IX. And be it further enacted by the authoritie aforesaid, That all and every Statute and Act of Parliament made for punishment of vacabonds, slaves, aged and impotent persons, or any of them, and every Article, sentence, clause or proviso, therein contained, other then this present Act and Statute made, and the sayd Act made in the said two and twentith yeers, shall be from henceforth vtterly void, repealed, and of no effect or force.

*X. And forasmuch as divers men and women going on begging, impotent and lame, and some able inough to labour, doe carry children about with them of tender age, and some of four, sine or sixe yeeres of age, or yonger, or elder, which being once brought vp in idlenesse, will hardly be brought after to any good kind of labour, paine, travell or service: Be

Be it enacted by the authoritie aforefayd, That if any child aboue the age of fiue yeeres, and vnder the age of fourteene, go about wandering, as is aforelayd, or else alone, in case any maner person that is able to keep any such child, will take it, be it male or female, of and from any fuch begger being the father or mother thereof, nourisher or keeper, whether they be willing or not, or without any fuch Nursie, father, mother or keeper, by him or her felfe wandring, and bring such child so taken, before one of the Constables of the Parish, where the child shall so fortune to be taken vp, and at the next generall quarter Sessions to be holden in the Shire next to the place where the fayd taking vp shall fortune to be, present the same in the presence of the fayd Constable, before the Justices of peace at the same Sessions, and there in open Sessions promise to bring the same child vp in some honest labour or occupation till the woman childe come. to the age of fifteen yeeres and the man child to the age of eighteen yeeres, if the Maister or Mistresse shall chance so long to liue, that then and immediately the fayd Justices of peace by their discretion shall adjudge by vertue of this Act, the sayd child vnto the ages before specified, to be feruant or servants to the sayd person or persons, so taking and promising, as is aforesaid, such child to be yied and ordered, in all points according as the law and custome of the Realme is of servants without wages, to what labour, occupation, or feruice foeuer the fayd taker vp, or Maister or Mistresse shall appoint him or her, during the sayd tearme, and the fayd judgement shall be entered by the Clearke of the peace in the fayd Sessions in forme following:

EMORANDUM, That at the Sessions of the peace below holden at W, the day, &c. One I. B. of the Towne of L. had deliuered to him, according to the forme of the Statute in that case prouided B. T. esteemed to be of the age of seauen or eight yeeres, to be ordered according to the forme of the sayd Statute.

XI. And if it shall fortune such child soadiudged to runn away at any time, once, or more times, from his, or her Maister or Mistresse, that then it shall be lawfull for every such Maister or Mistresse, to take the sayd child againe, and to keepe and punish the sayd child in the stockes, or otherwise by discretion, or otherwise at the liberty of such Maister or Mistresse, to have a warrant from any Justice of peace in the same Shire where the child so runns away, for such child running away, or going away, as is provided by the Statute of labourers, for such servants as depart away from their Maister or Mistresse, without a reasonable cause before the end of their tearm.

XII. And that enery Justice of peace shall by force of this Act have authoritie and power, to make such warrant against enery such person so going, and running away, in like forme as they or any of them may doe against any servant departing out of his Maisters service without license, or reasonable cause, and Bb4

by force of the same wattant, the child so running or going away, to be taken and ordered in enery degree, as is prouided by the sayd Statute of labourers for servants departing out of their Maister or Mistresse service, as is aforesayd.

XIII. And be it further enacted by the authoritic aforefayd, That if, and as often as it shall chance the father, mother, nursie, or other bearer about of the child, or any other person or persons, to steale, or intise away any such child, adjudged for a seruant, as is aforesayd, that then, and so often it shall be lawfull for the maister, or mistresse of the same child to be at his or their liberty, to take an Action upon the Statute of labourers, against enery such person so stealing, or intising away such child as he or they might have, by reason of the said Statute for labourers, against him, or them that retaines any mans servant out of his service, before the end of the sayd tearme, or else to take an Action of Trespasse against such offendor, in which Action her shall recover his dammages, and treble costes of his sure.

XIV. Provided alwaies, and be it enacted by the authoritie aforesayd, That if the Maister, or Mistresse, to whom such child as is aforefayd shall be adjudged to be feruant, be vnreafonable in ordering, and bringing up of such child, that then at all times upon complaint made at the generall quarter Seffions of the peace, in the Countie where the fayd child shall be by two honest neighbours of the same place, or Towne where the said child shall fortune to be so unreasonably ordered, if it shall appeare by honest witnesse to the Justices of peace at the same Sessions that the complaint thereof made shall be true, then the Justices of peace at their generall Sessions in the same Shire. where such complaint shall be made, shall by vertue of this Act haue authoritie and power to discharge the sayd child from his or their vnreasonable maister, or mistresse, and appoint the same to some other honest maister, or mistresse, vnto the sayd ages, to be ordered in enery degree as the fayd child should have beene with h's former mailter or miltresse, and that order, and appointment to be written in the Booke of the Clearke of the peace, for the which entrie the faid Clearke of the peace shall have foure pence for his labour, and not aboue, and in like maner shall have foure pence and not aboue, for the first entrie of the child to be seruant, as is a forelayd, to be payd by the mailter, or miltreffe of the layd child.

XV. Prouided alwaies, and be it enacted by the authoritie aforefayd, That if the woman child to be appointed a feruant, as is aforefayd, he married afore her age of 15, yeeres, that then by that marriage, the shall be discharged of seruice. This act or any thing therein contained to the contrarie notwithstanding.

XVI. Prouided alwaies, and be it enacted by the authoritie aforesaid, That all and every vacabond, or begger, being borne in any other nation, or Countrie then within this Realme, shall in maner, and forme aforesayd, and vpon the forfeitures, and penalties before mentioned, bee conveyed from place to place, or to the place, or marches next adioyning, to his or their native countrie, or to the next Port, if there be a sea betweene this Realme, and his or their saide countries, there to be kept

of the inhabitants of the said next Port, in convenient labour from idlenesse, or otherwise till they may be conveyed over, and then at the costs of the inhabitants of the said Port, if themselves shall not have wherewith, to be conveyed over into their native countries.

Anno decimo tertio Regina ELIZABETHA.

A T the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the second day of April, in the thirteenth year of the reign of our most gracious sovereign Lady Elizabeth, by the grace of God, of England, France, and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, &c. and there continued until the dissolution of the same, to the high pleasure of Almighty God, and the weal publick of this realm.

CAP. XVIII.

An all for bringing of the River of Lee, to the Northside of the Citie of London.

PORASMUCH as it is perceived by many grave and wife men alguell of the Civic of Toronto. men, as well of the Citie of London, as of the Countrey, that it were very commodious and profitable, both for the Citie and the Countrey, that the River of Lee, otherwise called Ware River, might be brought within the land, to the North part of the fayd Citie of London, the same to be cut out of the sayd River, in the most aptest and meetest place of the sayd River of Lee, to have from Further imthence the leading and passage of the sayd water, thorow such a con-proved by 12 nenient and meete cut, as may scrue for the navigation of Barges and other veffels for the carriage and conveying aswell of all Merchandises, corne, and victuals, as other necessaries, from the Towne of Ware, and all other places neere the said River, unto the sayd Citie of London, and from the sayd Citie, to the sayd places, and the Towne of Ware, and also for Tilibotes and Whirries, for conveying of the Queenes subjects to and fro, to their great ease and commoditie. In consideration of the premisses, and of divers sundry commodious, profitable, and beneficiall causes, which are like to insue to the bodie of this common wealth, and so incidently to many particular persons: Beit enacted by the Queenes most excellent Maiestie, with the asfent of the Lords Spirituall and Temporall, and the commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authoritie of the fame, That it shall be lawfull to the Lord Major, Comminaltie, and Citizens of the Citie of London, and their successors, at any time or times hereafter, to beginne and continue the laying out of such convenient limits of ground, for the making of the trench for the fayd River, at such breadth, as to them and their deputies and workemen shall be seene convenient and meete for the same, and in that place that they shall find to be most apt and meete for that purpose, to have, take,

Digitized by Google