same, the other half for the poor of the parish where the offence is committed.

VI. Provided always, That all linen cloth which shall be Linen cloth made in Scotland at any time before the said nine and twentieth made before day of September, which shall be in the year of our Lord one may be fold or thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall and may be sold, ex-exported beported, or transported, as the owner or owners of the said linen fore 15 May, cloth shall judge proper, at any time or times before the fifteenth 1713. day of May, which shall be in the year of our Lord one thousand feven hundred and thirteen; any thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

VII. Provided always, That all retailers, or reputed retailers, Pedlars may and pedlars, may retail any fort of linen cloth, being made of retail linen, the breadths, well forted yarn, and equally wrought and fine in breadths, and each piece, and having always the stamp affixed thereunto; any stamped, &c.

thing in this act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

CAP. XXII.

An all for the relief of merchants importing prize goods from America.

[X7HEREAS by an all of parliament made in the ninth year 9 Ann. c. 27. of her present Majesty's reign, intituled, An act for the encouragement of the trade to America, it is among other things enacted, That all prize goods and commodities which, after the first day of June, one thousand seven hundred and eleven, shall be imported into any of the ports of Great Britain, shall be subject and liable to the payment of the same duties as those goods and commodities would have paid in case they had not been prize: and whereas before the making the faid act, prize goods, being of the growth and produce of foreign plantations not belonging to her Majesty or her subjects, were fubject upon their importation into Great Britain, to pay only such duties and customs as were payable on the seventeenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and three, for the like goods of the produce of her Majesty's plantations imported by English shipping: and whereas several considerable quantities of prize cocoa, sugars, indigo, and other prize goods, of the growth and produce of such foreign plantations, have been already imported into this kingdom, and are now in several warehouses under the Queen's locks, and other quantities of the like goods are on board divers ships or vessels, now imported, and more are daily expected, and if the fame should pay the duties they were to pay in case they had not been prize, the sume will not be worth freight, custom, and charges; which will be not only a great loss and detriment to the importers thereof, but also a great prejudice to the trade of this kingdom: for remedy whereof, be it enacted by the Queen's most excellent majesty, by and with the advice and confent of the lords spiritual and temporal, and commons, in this present parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all cocoa, sugars, indigo, and other goods, Prize goods of taken and condemned as prize goods, of the growth and produce foreign planof such foreign plantations, which are already imported into this tations, kingdom of Great Britain, or shall at any time hereafter, before brought into

the Great Britain

crown.

before 29 May, the twenty ninth day of May, one thousand seven hundred and 1712. shall pay twelve, be imported into the said kingdom, or which now are ties as those of in any warehouses under the Queen's locks, or on board any ship the growth of or ships, vessel or vessels, now imported, having certificates to plantations be- prove the same prize goods, shall be subject and liable to pay onlonging to the ly such duties and customs as the same would have paid if the faid goods had been of the growth and produce of the plantations, islands, or colonies in America, belonging to the crown of Great Britain.

fuch foreign plantations, from any of the plantations in Ame-, rica, on producing a certificate, &c. shall pay such duties only as if they had been of the growth of British plantations. Prize cocoa from the plantations, how to be charged, 10 Annæ, C. 26. L 113.

Prize goods of II. And be it further enacted, That all prize goods, being of the growth of the growth and produce of such foreign plantations, which shall at any time after the twenty ninth day of May, one thousand imported after seven hundred and twelve, be imported into any part of Great 29 May, 1712. Britain, from any of the plantations, islands, or colonies in America aforesaid, upon producing a certificate under the hand and seal of the collector, comptroller, or other chief officer at the port or place where such goods were imbarked or put on board in America, are the same goods as were condemned in the high court of admiralty within such plantation, island, or colony in America aforesaid, as shall appear to the said collector, comptroller, or other chief officer there, by affidavit made by the person or persons exporting such prize goods, and also an affidavit made before the proper officer of the cultoms of such port or place in this kingdom where the faid goods shall be imported, by the master, or purser, or other person commanding the ship or vessel importing the same, that the goods so imported are the same goods for which the said certificate was made by the collector, comptroller, or other chief officer in America, as aforesaid, shall be subject and liable to, and shall pay such duties only in Great Britain, as in case they had been of the growth and produce of the plantations, islands, or colonies in America, belonging to the crown of Great Britain; any thing in the said recited act, or any other act, or any ulage or cultom, to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

CAP. XXIII.

An all for the more effectual preventing fraudulent conveyances, in order to multiply votes for electing knights of sbires to serve in parliament.

7 & 8 W. 3. C. 25.

THEREAS by an act of parliament made in the seventh year of the reign of his late majesty King William the Third, intituled, An act for the further regulating elections of members to ferve in parliament, and for the preventing irregular proceedings of sheriffs and other officers in the electing and returning such members, it is, amongst other things, enacted, That all conveyances of any messuages, lands, tenements, or hereditaments, in any county, city, borough, town corporate, port, or place, in order to multiply voices, or to split and divide the interest in any houses or lands amongst feveral persons, to enable them to vote at elections of members to serve in parliament, shall be void and of none effect; and that no more than